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"LIBERTY AND UNION—NOW AND FOREVER ONE AND INSEPARABLE."—Webster.

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MOURN NOT FOR THE DEAD.

BY F. J. TOLSON.

Why mourn for the dead? Why lament o'er the tomb

Where the forms we have loved moulder slowly away?

'Twas the voice of an angel that whispered their doom,

And the sunset of life was the dawn of their day.

Why mourn for the dead, when the world we are in

Has so little of bliss, and so much of despair?

When here they were tortured and tempted by sin—

But glory and happiness circle them there.

Why mourn for the dead? when confined to the earth,

Their spirits were straining, like eagles, to fly

Back, back to the glorious home of their birth;

Oh, 'tis wicked to mourn when the heaven-born die!

For the fingers of Death, when grope in the heart,

A prelude of heavenly music will wake,

As the strings from the touch of the monarch will start,

Or thrill to his skeleton hand till they break;

And the spirit that looks from the dark sunken eyes,

Or shrinks back to hear what the Death angel sings,

Is smiling to know that its rest is so nigh,

Or waiting impatient, and waving its wings.

Then why should we mourn for the mouldering dead?

Why weep o'er the tomb of the loved and the lost?

Twere wicked to call back the spirit that fled—

The flower that faded ere blighted with frost.

Rather smile when the Father that loveth us all

Calls a child of His choice to his final reward;

Rejoice that a dear one hath answered the call,

And shortened the road between you and the Lord.

Oh! rejoice in a faith and confide in a love

That shall gather us all in the mansions of light;

Remember "Our Father" still reigneth above,

And "doeth whatever seems good in his sight."

[From the Mining and Scientific Press.]

A TRIP TO SURPRISE VALLEY.

FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—An account of

this extensive and fertile valley, lying

amidst the sage brush and alkaline deserts

of this Territory, may not prove uninteresting

to your readers. You may therefore receive the annexed description

as a faithful representation of that which really exists.

This valley lies immediately under or east

of a spur of the Sierra, about 100 miles

northwest of Humboldt, and 40 miles north of the Honey Lake road—a

valley affording a natural road from Surprise to near Deep Hole Station. The

Sierra or its spur, is clothed with the most luxuriant herbage to the snow line,

while the entire range is densely timbered with the sugar pine, so excellent

for lumber purposes, and with cedars adjacent to the valley itself. The numerous

streams supplying the lakes are of considerable volume and velocity, and will

afford ample perpetual power to the mills that must ere long, be erected to cut

the timber of the mountains and convert the grain of the valleys into food.

The soil is entirely free from alkaline deposits, being a rich alluvium, perfectly

loose, and of considerable depth; while each year brings from the surrounding

mountains a fresh supply of all the requisites to make up the pabulum of the

various crops that can be produced. The temperature of this valley is much

higher than almost any other portion of this Territory; its protected position

and low altitude render it a most desirable agricultural, cereal root-producing

locality, while the natural growth of a superior quality of grass is at present

equal to three tons of hay to the acre. The soil is far superior to that of the Russian

river bottoms. These are also the opinions of a farmer from that section,

who visited and examined the soil of this valley. Besides the large streams

that issue from the western range, numerous springs well-out from the foot-

hills, so that each ranch has at hand ample means of irrigation where needed.

The valley is well nigh surrounded by mountains, and is about 70 miles by 30,

length and breadth, with a low narrow valley, affording, as before stated, at its

south end an easily outlet to the highway between California and Humboldt,

via Honey Lake. The increasing population of this country, the daily develop-

ment of increased mineral wealth, the numerous towns springing up, and the

great amount of travel on the Honey Lake road, must soon make farming and the

lumber trade in this region pursuits of immense profit. From no other place

yet discovered (and I do not think any other such timber land will be found

nearer—indeed, I may speak positively

on this point, for I have traveled this country extensively,) can lumber be supplied so readily and cheaply. The consumption of this county of flour, horse feed, potatoes, beans, etc., etc., amounts monthly to many tons, and is steadily on the increase, all of which can be produced in this valley.

The Humboldt river bottom cannot begin to touch this valley in the yield of any one article, while the liability to overflow must render farming on the river uncertain. The demand for the above articles will be very considerable on the Honey Lake road. It is by that route all this country receives its freight and from the improved character of the Chico and Tehama roads, the travel in this direction will increase. Moreover, this coming season there will be a large amount of travel to the Boise and Northern mines, with every prospect of a steady communication, via the Humboldt river, to and from the American Possessions north.

When the great Pacific Railroad reaches to the sound of the rolling car, then how immensely will the demand for produce be increased. Again, it will not be long ere the English will find that they too must lay their rail from Columbia, to unite most probably with the Pacific Railroad. Already contracts have been made by the English Government to carry the telegraphic wire across the continent, soon to be followed by the locomotive.

Let us look at another item. The Goose Creek mountains, on the Great Emigrant road, about 250 or 300 miles northeast from this, are known to be rich in mineral, and will most probably be prospected the ensuing spring; hence and increased population will be drawn hitherward, and every man and beast that comes into this county is so much custom and consequent profit to the grain and hay producer of Surprise Valley. Some of your readers may think me visionary; but those who have lived here for the past two years, and witnessed the growth of this section, must be convinced that this is no day dream, but that a very short period will more than realize the statements herein made.

The ranges which bound Surprise Valley have been not prospected, but the indications warrants the belief that gold and silver will be found there. The ranges 30 miles east, and 50 miles south, towards Pyramid Lake, have several mining districts located on them, and will shortly be thronged with a busy people. Fairview District, where the Silver Wave and Vickburg lodes are located, is being opened even now, and soon we may expect that the new town site of Pyramid City will become something more than a name.

Many settlers are moving into this fertile valley, and ranches, mill sites and lumber claims are already pre-empted, so that by spring we may reasonably anticipate a goodly society of the wealth producers of a country. The farmer ranks foremost to the miner, though both reciprocate and develop the country. It is highly important that every encouragement and protection should be given to the settlers of this valley, for should ruthless war break out amongst the great nations of the earth, and the specks in the horizon, though now "no bigger than a man's hand," grow rapidly and mightily, we on this coast might be suddenly cut off from the resources of the East, and left to shift as best we might. Here in this valley we can raise our own flax, hemp, tobacco, beef, mutton, wool, etc.; for the pasture lands are incomparably superior to anything in California, and all the cereals, fruits and edibles necessary to man's use can be produced in abundance. None need fear droughts; the snow capped Sierra will always keep the streams well supplied.

Such is a brief view of this valley, so far as examined, destined to become the granary of this country. When I further survey this natural garden, if anything worthy of note occurs to me, I will communicate it. Fish and game are plentiful.

H. O. G. S. HUMBOLDT COUNTY, N. T., Feb. 18, 1864.

MATCHES.—Matches, the poets say, are made in Heaven, but from signs we see around, we guess, this leap year, many will be made in Napa Valley. Happy ones, too, we know, for they will be made by angels—without wings. Our devil says, "Go it gals, I'll hold your bonnet."

Up jumped the devil in a rage, and set up two lines to fill this page.

CORRESPONDENCE.

INDIAN VALLEY, M'CH 2d 1864.

MR. EDITOR:—I have the pleasure to transmit to you the enclosed Constitution, Legislative Rules, and Message of the Governor of the new State of Buena Vista. [Documents received, but they are too lengthy for us to publish.—Ed.] These papers were forwarded to my charge by Express, with instruction to dispatch with all haste to the Union Office, that you may have the proud privilege to first announce, that a new State is born to the Republic. This evidence of confidence in the integrity and continued existence of our Union, is truly refreshing in these times of attempted dismemberment, and of doubt in the power of the Government to maintain its life, and we should hail with peculiar delight, this proof of esteem for our institutions, by the inhabitants of this new Star in the Constellation, standing out, as it does in such bold relief, when contrasted with the late refusal of other portions of the "Territory," to accept of the glorious privilege of membership to our Confederacy of States.

MEN OF BUENA VISTA, we extend to you the hand of fellowship, recognizing you as brothers, having faith that you will be true to your allegiance, and faithful in the discharge of that duty, which is now incumbent upon you, to protect, defend, and maintain our Union.

The time is approaching near, for the Presidential Campaign, and in view thereof, some feeling is manifesting itself. I rejoice to see such general expression of confidence of, and preference for, Mr. Lincoln, among Union men. He certainly is the man for the times; bold, fearless, honest and impartial; viewing his own position, and that of the country, with a keen appreciation of all surroundings, and in the exercise of his own good judgment, proving himself equal to the discharge of all that is required of him. I believe him to be possessed of more of the attributes required by the emergencies of the day, than any man living. At least I think that of him. We know it, whilst others, unpracticed and untried, we might reasonably doubt. He certainly is no sectarian, no partisan, no demagogue; but in his plain, practical sense, measuring out justice to all sections, setting aside all political prejudices, and dealing justly, humanely, and magnanimously with foe as with friend.

Conscious in the rectitude of his intentions, and having a knowledge of the laws of his Country, and his relation thereto, he has had no hesitation in leaving his acts to the investigation and decisions of our Courts, with a recognition of their rights, and his obligations thereto. Executing the laws with full purpose to enforce obedience to their behests, he seeks no exemption from compliance with their commands. Requiring all men to be law abiding, he will abide the law himself. Uninfluenced by prejudice, he selects his agents and aids from all sections of the Country, and from among all classes of men. And destitute of passion, he will afford pardon and amnesty to all who may deserve it. He then is the man. If, then, the Union Element of the Country is true to itself, and true to the Country, his will be a triumph, such as the Country has never before witnessed. We have nothing to fear, except the petty jealousies of our leading men, who, in their aversion, and for personal aggrandizement, will influence schisms, divisions and unfriendly feeling in the ranks, and will bring defeat to our cause, and the prevention of the accomplishment of our aim and object. It is time then, that we begin to look around us, and seek the removal of all obstacles in our way, to reconcile all differences, to become firm and true, strong and united, having but one object in view—the destruction of rebellion, and the preservation of the Union.

U. S. A.

BOTH DISSATISFIED.—The late battle in Florida seems to have given general dissatisfaction. The rebels are disappointed, and the Federals are displeased, as is evinced by removing commanders of both armies. The Government has sent General James to take command, and the rebels General Taliaferro. Such is the luck of war.

FRIENDSHIP which flows from the heart cannot be frozen by adversity, as the water that flows from a spring does not congeal in winter.

GIVE HIM A TRADE.—If education is the great buckler and shield of human liberty, well developed industry is equally the buckler and shield of human independence. As an unerring resource through life, give your son equal with a good education, a good honest trade. Better any trade than none, though there is ample field for the adoption of every inclination in this respect. Learned professions and speculative employments may fail a man; but an honest handicraft trade seldom or never—if its possessor chooses to exercise it. Let him feel, too, that honest labor-crafts are honorable and noble. The men of trades—the real creators of whatever is most essential to the necessities and welfare of mankind—cannot be dispensed with. They, above all others, in whatever repute they have been held by their most fastidious fellows, must work at the oar of human progress, or all is lost. But few brown-handed trade workers think of this, or appreciate the real power and position they compass. Give your son a trade, no matter what fortune he may have, or seem likely to inherit. Give him a trade. With this he can always battle with temporary want, and can always be independent.

STRENGTH OF THE ARMY.—The paymaster general of the United States army asks Congress to provide for the payment of—Volunteers—961 regiments of infantry; 159 regiments of cavalry; 42 of artillery; 3 of engineers, and 174 artillery batteries—making a total of 1,150 regiments. Regulars—6 regiments of cavalry; 5 of artillery; and 19 of infantry—making a grand total of 1,180 regiments. If these were all full they would aggregate a force of one million two hundred thousand men; and we suppose the President's last call for fresh troops will more than fill up all the regiments. There is not a nation in Europe that can, by exerting all its efforts, raise within 300,000 of that number of soldiers and set them in the field. Since the war began the Government has issued over 2,000 siege guns; 1,600,000 fire arms for infantry; 330,000 fire arms and 275,000 sabres for cavalry; and has yet on hand, ready to be issued in emergency, arms enough for all service, to arm 800,000 more men. Well may Mr. John Bright declare to his jealous countrymen that the loyal States of America constitute the most powerful nation and Government in the world.

THE DUTCHMAN AND THE DRAFT.—A prominent candidate before one of the Commissioners, was an imaginative Teuton by the name of Jacob Schnyder.

"What is the matter with you, Jacob?"

"Vell mine pack ish most broke!"

"Local or Chronical?" asked the Commissioner.

"Local or gronneck,—vats dat?"

"I mean, is yours a standing complaint?"

"Nien, I lays on ter bed generally."

"Well, how did you hurt your back?"

"Vell, I vos some beer drink, last week, in der saloon, and goes my house in; and den I goes mine stairs up, and I dumbles my window out, and den strike sidewalk on my pack, and I lies in bed for three mounts."

"Ah?"

"Ah," said the Commissioner, "you fell out of the window last week?"

"Yaw."

"And you laid in bed three months?"

"How do you make that out?"

"Ich nix forstay. Ich can nict ferstand so much English sprachen all de vile."

He didn't get his papers.

MARRIAGE CHINESE.—This morning Justice Wells, of Second Township, was waited upon by Mr. Ye Fie, in company with Miss Ah Cum, who desired to be united by the silken cord of Hymen.

The following is supposed to be the formula of the interesting ceremony.

Justice.—O Fie! sabs ah cum belly good wifey for John?

O Fie.—Me sabs ah cum belly good.

Justice.—Ah Cum! you sabs John belly good Chinaman, muchey two-bitty no money American man come in John, no hokty pokty. Hay?

Ah Cum.—Me sabs John muchey good Chinaman, no melican man, heap a muchey two bitty go way git out.

Justice.—Ah right, John, five dollars pungle.—S. F. Journal.

At a concert, recently, at the conclusion of the song, "There's a Good Time Coming," a country farmer got up and exclaimed:—"Mieter, you couldn't fix the date could you?"

The Quincy Union.

All Letters relating to the business affairs of the paper should be addressed to the "The Plumas Printing Company."

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are

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JOHN R. BUCKBEE, Editor.

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QUINCY,
SATURDAY, MARCH 12, 1864.

JUSTICE.

The Quincy Union contains an article urging harmony among the Union press; and being an old Breckinridge, like Ben Butler, and now very sound on the Union question, he feels himself in position to lecture the press. *Mercurial Appeal.*

We go to Ben Butler or "any other man" who come out from among traitors the moment the first shot was fired on Sumter, but we don't go to a man who lingers with them after that. As for "lectures" to Union men, on harmony, etc., they would come with better grace and consistency from old stand-bys—from men of tried faith and undoubted principle—than from political weathercocks who voted for John R. McConnell in 1861. We don't care who likes the candor and bluntness of our expression, but we say emphatically that any man who remained with the pro-secession, anti-war Democracy until late in 1861, or since then, is not to be trusted as a true Nationalist. He is not such a man as we would put into leadership, or even to stand guard over the country's honor. We wish all such men had remained out of the Union party, because they are corrupt from the top of their heads to the sole of their feet, and their adhesion can only bring us injury. We had enough votes without them, and they only came to us because they wanted office.

The foregoing we clip from the *Sierra Democrat* and bears the undoubted stamp of its editor O'Sullivan.

While nearly every other Union paper in this State, has copied portions of the article, mentioned in the *Appeal* with commendations of praise at its spirit, the *Democrat*, is the only one that takes the individual author to task, for his past political career, and insinuates as to our motives for present action.

It matters not, whether O'Sullivan loves us or hates us, or holds us in contempt; it is a personal matter. If a blackguard calls us by an ill name, or if a liar slanders us, we pass it by, and show by our life the falsity of such charges but when the editor of a Union journal makes charges which go to our loyalty, it is our duty to set him right if he is wrong, and if he is actuated by motives other than base, he will gladly do us justice, and we hope our neighbor will, as soon as he get, charge of another paper do us,—may do himself justice by acknowledging his error.

The tone of his comments on the article, would lead any one to suppose that we voted for John R. McConnell in 1861 for Governor, and that we were acting with the McConnell or peace democracy late in 1861, and while acting with them, found it the losing side and changed for the sake of office.

We now ask Mr. O'Sullivan for his authority in making that charge, for had we acted with any political organization after the first blow was struck at the national flag at Sumter, which was anti-war, or that apologized for secession or called treason by any other name than treason, we should not be afraid to acknowledge it. We think we know who has, by deliberate falsehood, led him into error as to our course at that time, and can only blame him, (O'Sullivan) for being too credulous.

In April, 1861 as soon as the news came of the attack on Sumter, we took our stand where we now stand, for the maintenance of the laws of the United States, even if it cost untold millions of treasure, and the still more precious blood of loyal citizens. We used all the influence in our possession to thwart the schemes of the traitors on this coast, and (were we not crowded into it now in self-defense should not boast of the fact,) were one of the first movers in organizing the Union party of this State.

We tell O'Sullivan that we voted in 1861 for John Conness for Governor, and had the news reached us that Stanford stood the best show of beating McConnell, we should have voted and worked for him as cheerfully as we did for Conness, and the best evidence of the truth of the assertion is that we were a candidate on the Conness ticket for District Attorney in this county, and should have withdrawn when Cox was nominated, had not leading Republicans told us that they doubted Cox's loyalty, and should vote against him on personal ground, and begged me not to resign.

We are no casuist and are apt to speak our sentiments plainly and bluntly. We done so in 1861, and for that reason have secured the hate of almost every secessionist and copperhead in this county, and as there are those in Downieville who have felt the truth which we urged, we can only charge our Union neighbor with being misled.

Copperheads and secessionists in their style of argument, and one of the main props of the copperhead edifice is downright falsehood. When they cannot make a point by daylight lying, they use the midnight system, and if a person whom they fear to be destroyed they mislead his friends, and so get the attack to come from within the fold.

As to the wish of the editor of the *Democrat* that we had remained out of the Union party, it is only begotten of

his information as to our record. We do not intend to leave the Union party, until the rebellion is crushed, no more then, for after force has won the fight in the field, the greater danger of political trickery will appear, for leadership. We care not; we had rather be a door keeper in the Union Camp, than be the leader of the Copperhead forces, and we beg leave to differ with the editor when he repels votes for the sake of the cause. Had the North been a unit, the war would have been ended a year since, and our only desire is to make the Union party invincible in the administration, in the field, and at the ballot box. Do us justice, O'Sullivan, and never again class us with the Copperheads after the first gun was fired.

THE CONTROVERSY AGAIN.

In last weeks Union, we stated that the controversy between Mr. Stille and Mr. Root was over. We were somewhat premature in our surmises, as our columns this week will prove. In justice to Mr. Buckbee, (who left for Honey Lake Valley on Tuesday,) we will say to all parties interested in, or in any way connected, that not one single line or word from the commencement of this controversy up to the present time, which has appeared in the editorial columns of this paper, was written by Mr. B. The letter written by Mr. Dunham was directed to Mr. Buckbee, as editor of this paper, and as soon as it was opened, he did hand it into the office. As certain parties are of the opinion, that all the letters published "have been corrected and fixed up" at the office, we shall hereafter publish them *verbatim et literatim, et punctuatim*.

LASSEN COUNTY.—We copy the following from the *Sac. Union's* report of the proceedings of the Assembly. "Uncle Bobby" made his maiden speech upon the Bill, and we publish his speech in full, as it is not over lengthy, but contains more in a few words, than many of the speeches which have been made in the Assembly during the winter, of ten times the length. The Bill has passed the Assembly, and will, probably, pass the Senate. We congratulate our "friends over the Mountain," on the success which has so far attended this, the "pet bill" of Honey Lakers. We expect that there was considerable "log rolling" on the outside, by experienced hands, to help on the passage of the Bill. Lassen county will be included in the Second Judicial District, and will be attached (?) to Plumas, for Representative and Senatorial representation. When received, we will publish the Bill in full.

Assembly Bill No. 303.—An Act to create the county of Lassen, to define its boundaries and provide for its organization [the new county comprising Honey Lake Valley]—was amended as recommended by the Shasta and Plumas delegations, and explained by Messrs CLARK and CHAPPELL.

Mr. CLARK said there was a general desire for this organization, and nobody dissented to it. It took from Shasta only a piece of uninhabited territory, while the people remaining in Plumas generally rejoiced at getting rid of their neighbors over the mountains. Plumas would still give a handsome Union majority at elections, and the new county more so. [Applause.] The Honey Lake is wanted to name their new county in honor of old Peter Lassen—whom '49ers might remember—and there was certainly no objection to that. He had been informed by letter that a petition of five hundred Honey Lakers was on the way to him, asking for the organization of the new county.

After a short discussion, a motion to refer the Bill to the Committee on Counties was rejected, and under suspension of the rules the Bill was considered engrossed, and passed.

The following letter, accompanied the explanation which we published two weeks since. It was received the same day that our paper was published, therefore we did not have time to "set it up" for that issue.

OROVILLE Feb., 23d 1864.

MR. JOHN R. BUCKBEE, Editor of QUINCY UNION.—Dear Sir:—From some friend in Plumas county I have received the two last copies of the QUINCY UNION, in the one of the 13th inst. I find a letter from Mr. D. C. Stille Assistant Assessor, and in the one of 20th inst., a reply from Mr. John S. Root, Deputy Collector.

As my name is brought very prominently before the public in this very interesting correspondence, and as I was Deputy Collector of Plumas county, from the first of last May, until the appointment of Mr. John S. Root. I consider it my duty to make a brief explanation of facts, and would most respectfully request that it be published in the QUINCY UNION. Yours Respectfully,

E. DUNHAM

IN CONGRESS.—It may be generally known that a former resident and native of Lodi, in this county, well known here and whose relatives reside hereabouts yet, is now in Congress. Yet such is the fact. We refer of course, to Cornelius Cole, of California, Member of the present Congress and now in his seat at Washington. He is destined to make his mark among his compatriots. [Ovid Bee, Seneca county N. Y.]

Jon Woxe.—Such as posters, notices, bill-heads, cards, receipts, etc., neatly executed at this office, at short notice, and upon reasonable terms for cash.

SACRAMENTO CORRESPONDENCE.

SACRAMENTO, March 7th, 1864.

DEAR UNION:—San Francisco has the "horror." A deed of blood has been done which makes the Frisco flesh creep, and the very Bay to chatter. One Mary Smith, a courtesan, was found dead in her kitchen, with her throat cut, and everything showing a desperate struggle for life. She had some property and was to leave the next day for Austin, or Aurora, and had converted a good portion of her property into cash; but murder stopped her earthly journey, and sent her unprepared to the mystic realm of the future state. Her body has been exposed at the dead-house in San Francisco, and as I was in town at the time, I took a look at the tenement where her spirit used to dwell, and felt as perhaps did many another who saw her there, stark stiff and lifeless, that it was a bloody and a dismal ending of a misspent life.

Lassen County begins to breathe. The bill which was referred to the delegations from Plumas and Shasta, was reported back favorably, with some slight amendments of a verbal nature, and has passed the Assembly. It will doubtless pass the Senate this present week, as there is no opposition to it from any source, and if the Honey Lake boys can stand the expense, Brad is "willing."

A correspondent of the *Pajaro Times*, publishes a vile tirade of abuse against Thompson Campbell, and while acknowledging his brilliancy of intellect, accuses him of being a demagogue, and a' that, and that he is ambitious, with one eye on the U. S. Senatorship. Brad will stake a "chaw of tobacco" against a bit, that that correspondent, is an old '36 Repub., who is mad because Conness went to the Senate instead of Sargent, or that Shannon cut his swath to the House of Representatives, or because all the highest places in the synagogue were not reserved for the class, who, like Shafter cry out, "I am holier than thou." Campbell is a trump card, and when he speaks says something, and if BRAIN will win, you can safely count on his coming out at the winning post ahead on a canter.

Brad thinks that if a man in this crisis is to be judged by his past career, and that all the honors are to be scored by one faction while the other takes all the tricks, it is a rule that if persisted in will burst up the game in a row.

The "Governor's Bill" is very likely to become a law, which is consoling to the *Appeal*. It still thunders away at the principle contained therein. Whenever Brad hears a continual thunder about principle it puts him in mind of Toodles, of funny memory. Says Toodles, "It's against my principal to pay interest, and it's against my interest to pay principal."

The early meeting of the State Convention causes the political pool to become slightly disturbed. The pool is not very large, so, as the big and little cuttle fish dash hither and thither, it leaves a cloudy appearance in the water. This cloudy show will increase until it is decided who is to control federal patronage on this coast during the ensuing four years, when good feeling will be restored and the ins will shake hands with the outs in a remarkably friendly manner.

Sacramento at this time is a perfect paradise; nature needs no aid from art in conserving flowers. The blossoms are just crimsoning into buds, roses perfume their scent of Cashmere; honeysuckles drape garden walks, yucca shades sunny windows, and all the flora of the season in this climate are holding a flowery carnival, and for bridal tresses or funeral use, the garden showers its gifts on all. I wish I could send you dwellers in the snow belt a bouquet of roses with their fragrance concentrated, but that is a vain wish, for while Brad sits at his window inhaling the balmy air of this bright spring morning, he can see in the blue range of the Sierras, the snow covered heights, which freeze up the roots of the delicate shrub.

Gov. Byers left us last week, and if he should take in Quincy in his route to the new State of Lassen, let not his thirst go unquenched.

There is a rumor in town that Kilpatrick has captured Richmond, but Brad only thinks it the outgrowth of last weeks dispatches.

Yours as ever,

BRAD.

And For The South.—The *Appeal* and *Express* are having a "set to," in regard to a Mrs. Rhodes who has been raising subscriptions for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers and prisoners of the Rebel army. If Mrs. Rhodes has only collected subscriptions for the purpose above stated, it shows that she possesses a kind heart, and no matter how much we may condemn the cause which makes such a course necessary, no one can but admire her devotion. The following is a closing extract from an article upon the subject, taken from the *Appeal*:

As to Mrs. Rhodes, as a missionary, we make no complaint. She is performing an act commendable in the eyes of her people, and one which we are sorry to say we cannot approve. If our heart was in the success of the rebellion, we could worship her devotion to the cause, and call her an angel. But war has no humanity, and closes the fountains of Christianity and Godlike hospitality.

A quantity of fresh garden seeds of the most choice varieties, recently received from the Agricultural Bureau connected with the Patent Office at Washington, will be distributed by the officers of the Mechanics' Institute among the earliest applicants.—*Appeal*.

There is a chance for our farmers.

A BULLY KILLED.—At the Dalles, February 9th, a difficulty occurred in a Saloon kept by a colored man, between one Carpenter and Mattock. Carpenter shot Mattock and killed him. Deceased was a bully.

CORRESPONDENCE.

QUINCY, March 10th, 1864.

EDITOR QUINCY UNION:—Having promised some time since to give the result of my investigations in a matter concerning the collection of Federal taxes in this county, I herewith submit a brief statement.

On the 27th of August last, D. C. Stille was at Round Valley, acting as Assistant Federal Assessor. On that day he assessed me for a buggy upon which there was a tax of \$2. I asked Stille to whom I should pay the tax. He said he was authorized to collect. On or about Dec. 28th, Mr. Root demanded the same tax of me. I remonstrated, and stated what I had done, but he insisted that Stille had collected without proper authority. I finally paid him the same tax, taking his receipt also, and vowed in the strongest terms to prosecute Stille. While we were yet talking, Stille rode up the street on his return from below. He had hardly alighted when I accosted him, and demanded a return of the amount paid him. He stated that he had authority to collect, and to convince me requested me to accompany him to his office. I did so. He exhibited a package of receipts signed by Dunham and among them was one in my name for \$2, paid on buggy. Stille said when I gave up his receipt, he would give me Dunham's in return.

Being uncertain who was right, I resolved to write below. I wrote to J. R. Clark, Collector of 4th District, giving a statement of the whole affair, and subsequently received an answer, stating that Root was the only authorized collector. In the interim, however, between my writing and the answer, I visited San Francisco. On my way I sought and made a statement to Mr. Dunham, at Oroville, of the affair. He stated that Stille had had authority to collect under him, and that he had made due return of my amount, and that Root had collected wrongfully.

I next called at J. R. Clark's office, Sacramento, but Mr. Clark was out, but another gentleman in the office whose name I did not know, stated that he was authorized to transact any business connected with the office. I made a statement of my case, and he said he had written to one on the subject, and showed me a copy of the letter in which the opinion was given that Mr. Root was the only authorized collector, and that Stille had collected wrongfully. He commenced giving his opinion verbally, but suddenly wound up by saying that I had better make my statement to Mr. Thomas Brown, Special Agent of the Treasury Department, located at the Custom House, San Francisco, and gave me Mr. Brown's address. He said that a great many complaints had come from Plumas and that it was strange that Mr. Avery did not act in the matter.

I called on Mr. Brown at San Francisco, and made the same statement as before, and he gave as his opinion that Stille's proceeding was right and regular at the time he collected of me, Mr. Root I believe not having the appointment of Collector at the time.

The only thing I believe about which there was any question was as to whether Dunham, being himself only Assistant Collector, had power to appoint Deputies under him. Upon that question I was particular to ask Mr. Brown, and he gave as his opinion that Dunham had a right to appoint as many clerks or assistants as he wished, he of course being responsible for their conduct. Notwithstanding that there seems to be something palpably wrong in combining the two offices of Assessor and Collector in one man, Mr. Brown said there was nothing in the law to prohibit it.

My only excuse in writing the above or mingling in any way in the affair, as the fulfillment of a promise made before my investigation.

In this I have confined myself to my own affair, as I did in my investigations, not attending to any other matter of Stille's unless incidentally, and not asking an opinion on anything except what concerned me.

J. J. L. FEEL.

EUROPEAN advices to February 21st have been received. On the 18th the Allies were repulsed by the Danes at Duppel. Another column of Germans had entered Jutland, or Denmark proper. It is supposed that French policy is inclining in favor of Denmark. The Paris journals contain warnings to Prussia.

ADVERTISEMENT.

To the Public.

I see by the last Union, that they are glad the controversy carried on in that paper is ended; I suppose they come to the conclusion, from the fact that J. S. Root did not answer my last card. I have not said that it was ended, I do not end matters of this kind quite so easy. Here is a copy of a letter written to J. S. Root, by E. Dunham which I wish to see published; it was received by Root previous to the one received by John R. Buckbee, which was published in the Union of Feb. 27th under the head of Explanation. Now what I want to know is this, why did not Mr. Root have this letter published instead of the one which J. R. Buckbee received on the day before the issue of the Union? I saw Buckbee when he got that letter out of the office, and rush to the Printing Office with it, and I know more, I know that Root had received the original of this letter some days previous. This letter did not suit them but they little thought that I had a copy of it; here it is let us see how much it sounds like the *Explanation*.

OROVILLE, Feb. 19th, 1864.

MR. D. C. STILLE.—Dear Sir:—I received a copy of the Quincy Union of the 13th inst., containing your letter in reply to John S. Root. I am very glad you sent me the paper and I would like to have all the papers (Quincy Unions) in which any of this interesting correspondence is published. Your letter brings my name very prominently before the public and in such a way that naturally calls upon me for a little explanation. I regret very much the circumstances which would seem to call for my reply, but as it is commenced, it is well enough to have the po-

ple of Plumas county thoroughly understand the circumstances. I know of none of the proceedings in which you need fear investigation, but on the contrary, if Mr. Root wishes to investigate, let him proceed. I think the further he goes, the less pleased he will be with the result. I have sent him a list of collections of the last money you paid me when I was in Quincy, and for which I drew a receipt in favor of the persons who paid it. If you still have any of those receipts, please lose no time in giving them to the parties in exchange for the receipts you gave, so that any person who Mr. Root has forced to pay him, having my receipts can make Mr. Root pay the money back.

If you have any money on hand that you collected since I was in Quincy, and before the appointment of Root, please lose no time in paying the money back to the persons from whom you received it—as I am individually liable for such money myself. I have written a letter to John S. Root, a copy of which I inclose to you, so that you can see what he makes of it. Let no one know you have a copy of Root's letter until you see what he says about it, and if he misrepresents anything in the letter you can detect him. I hope there will be no further necessity for my duty newspaper correspondence, but that everything will move along harmoniously. You need have no fears of being removed as I have been to Sacramento and seen Mr. John M. Avery, and think I can give you every assurance.

Yours Truly,

E. DUNHAM.

[Exact copy of a letter to John S. Root, Feb. 19th, 1864.]

OROVILLE, Feb. 19th, 1864.

MR. JOHN S. ROOT.—Dear Sir:—Inclosed please find a list of collections of the Federal tax in Plumas county. In the collection of the Federal tax in Plumas county, I took as I thought the most economical course to collect the money with the least trouble to myself, as well as to the tax paying public. I therefore requested Mr. D. C. Stille, the Asst. Assr., to collect the monthly returns. I also gave him some Licenses to collect, and also requested him to collect the Licenses when he came across them of P-dollars. I have never assumed the right to appoint a Deputy Collector, or anything of the kind, but I have a right to request any person I see fit to receive money for me in either a public or private capacity. Mr. Stille in collecting the money gave his receipt to persons wishing to pay the taxes, and when I came to Quincy, he would pay me the money, I would, my receipt for the same, and give to take up his receipt. I have every reason to believe that Mr. Stille paid me the money he collected honestly and lawfully. I send the inclosed list so that you can see who has paid up the 1st of October. The money Mr. Stille collected after I was in Quincy, up to the time of your appointment as Deputy Collector, I instructed him to pay over to you, as I had nothing further to do with the money collected in Plumas county. I understand that Mr. Stille tendered you the payment of the money, and you refused to receive it from him, denying his right to collect any money. I certainly think it would have been better had you received the money from Mr. Root and gave him receipts for the parties who paid it. You could then have informed Mr. Stille if you saw fit, that as you was appointed collector of that county, you would collect the money yourself. I understand that you have collected money from Peel, Hosackus, Harvey, Pardon and Breed. You will find by referring to the inclosed list that those parties had previously paid those taxes while I was Deputy Collector, and my receipts were drawn in favor of the parties who paid the money. The money thus collected was paid over by the first of October, 1863, to the Collector, Mr. J. R. Clark of Sacramento. You will therefore see that you have collected money you had no right to collect, and are individually liable to those persons for the amounts you collected from them. I would most respectfully advise you to pay the money back to Mr. Peel, Hosackus, Harvey, Pardon and Breed, as you will find by referring to the within list that I collected the money and lawfully while I was Collector of Plumas county.

I think after a full and fair explanation of facts it will be seen that there has been no intention on the part of any one to defraud the Government, and had a little cooler council prevailed, it would have saved a good deal of trouble and hard work. My object in addressing you is to explain, but not to be drawn into any controversy with either party.

As I have received a copy of this letter you can make any use of it you see fit.

Yours very Respectfully,

E. DUNHAM.

Now in conclusion I have only this to say: For Root (the Imbecile) I have not even a word, but for his *fides Achates* I have this to say. I understand (and from good authority,) that this champion of Root's has not only threatened to blow my brains out, but said if I said any more about this matter, he would come out with a personal card against me. Now let us see him come. I am his man. If he wishes to attack me with physical force, I walk the streets every day, he can find me at any time. If with mental force, I am at his service, and I want him to distinctly understand that I neither love nor fear him, and what is more he had better remember that threats like chickens come home to roost, and if he is not careful he will have a hen-house full of them. I can trace his proceedings as far back as fifty-one and two, and let this very refined gentleman remember also that I have but one friend in this matter, and that is TRUTH. Truth and myself have been friends for a long time, and I have no wish to break our friendship.

As Ever,

D. C. STILLE.

Marriages.

At the Coburn House, in Quincy, March 10th 1864, by A. J. Gifford Esq., Mr. I. C. STILES, of Round Valley, to Miss ANNA M. GOUNAZ, of Quincy.

Special Notices.

School Tax Election.

There will be an election held at Susanville, Janesville and Millville on the Second day of April, A. D. 1864, for the purpose of voting whether a tax shall be raised of twelve hundred dollars, upon the assessable property of Susanville School District for the purpose of building School houses at Janesville and Millville.

JOHN S. WARD, P. C. CHAIRMAN.

20-31 Trustees of Susanville School District.

Quincy Chapter, No. 32, R. A. M.

Meet at Quincy on the Saturday preceding the full moon. Companions in good standing are requested to attend.

J. R. BUCKBEE, H. P.

J. D. GOODWIN, Sec'y.

Plumas Lodge, No. 60, F. & A. M.

L. C. Charles, W. M. Benjamin Coburn, S. W. John S. Root, J. W. C. T. Kaalback Treasurer, J. R. Buckbee, Sec'y. F. Hersey, S. D. I. N. Conyers, J. D. A. S. Titus, Tyler. Regular Meetings on the Saturday evenings of each week in which the moon falls.

Lassen Lodge, No. 149 F. & A. M.

John S. Ward, W. M. Frank Peed, S. W. E. G. Baughman, J. W. P. Chamberlain, Treas. A. A. Smith, Sec'y. W. H. McGrath S. D. R. Hamilton, J. D. Henry Crane and E. T. Stewart, Tyler. Stated Meetings on the Saturday eve on and after the full moon. Brothers in good standing are requested to attend.

Special Notices.

UNION CONVENTION!!

ALL CITIZENS of Plumas County who sustain the National Administration in its efforts to suppress the rebellion, and who are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war to final success, are requested to elect Delegates to a UNION CONVENTION, to be held at Quincy, on Saturday, March 12th, 1864, at one o'clock, P. M., to elect Eight (8) Delegates to attend the UNION STATE CONVENTION, to be held at Sacramento City, March 24th, 1864, and to perform such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

Each precinct is entitled to one delegate for each 30 votes cast for F. F. Low for Governor at the last General Election, which will allow to each precinct the following number of Delegates, to-wit:

Buck's Ranch.....	2	Junction Bar.....	1
Marion Flat.....	2	12 Mile Bar.....	2
Meadow Valley.....	2	Spanish Ranch.....	2
Big Meadows.....	2	Rich Bar.....	2
Humbag Valley.....	2	Rush Creek.....	2
Blond's Mill.....	2	Round Valley.....	4
Long Valley.....	2	Summit.....	6
Greenville.....	2	Taylorville.....	6
Quincy.....	5	Soda Bar.....	1
Susanville.....	8	Jaynesville.....	3
Dakin's Mill.....	2	Spanish Ranch.....	2
Eureka Mills.....	2	Peorman's.....	2
Richmond Hill.....	2	Grass Valley.....	2
Nelson Point.....	2	Hopkins Creek.....	2
Jamison City.....	2	Franklin Hill.....	1

It is recommended that the Delegates be residents of the precinct, and that when delegates cannot attend in person, that they be represented by alternates.

By order of the Plumas County Central Committee.
JOHN R. BUCKBEE, Ch'm.
A. P. MOORE, Sec'y.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

These Lozenges are prepared from a highly esteemed receipt for alleviating BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, COUGHS, COLDS, Irritation or Soreness of the Throat.

PUBLIC SPEAKERS AND VOCAIISTS.

Will find them beneficial in clearing the voice before speaking or singing, and relieving the throat after any unusual exertion of the vocal organs, having a peculiar adaptation to affections which disturb the organs of speech.

Agents for California REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco.

174-w.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

DON'T fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity and gives tone and energy to the whole system.—It will almost instantly relieve griping in the bowels and wind colic. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world for the cases of Dysentery and Diarrhoea in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Principal Office, 45 Bay Street, NEW YORK.
Price only 25 cents per bottle.
REDINGTON & CO.,
416 and 418 Front St., San Francisco.
37-am
Agents for California.

WOOD! WOOD!

150 CORDS OF DRY WOOD for sale. Those in want can be supplied by leaving their orders at the Post Office, or with the undersigned at the residence of J. Moore, in Quincy, where the wood can be seen.

December 13th, 1863.

J. SCOTT, 8-2w

News-Dealers, Booksellers, Read & Remember.

J. STRATMAN,

WHOLESALE NEWS-DEALER,

Packs and Forwards all the Daily and Weekly Newspapers, Magazines, Etc., to all parts of the Country, with great Dispatch.

I Sell at Prices that defy Competition.

EVERY NEW NOVEL RECEIVED AS SOON AS PUBLISHED.

I have special arrangements with all the different Publishers, Stationers, etc., and furnish the Trade with Books, Stationery, Blank Books, Music, Portraits, Prints, Medals, Melanotypes, etc., Song Books in great variety.

I have unequalled facilities, and guarantee dealers the closest attention.

Send for my Price List, and give a trial.

JOHN STRATMAN,
San Francisco, Cal.

McQUINN & COMPTON,

Dealers in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

ROUND VALLEY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

CHECKS DRAWN ON MARYSVILLE.

Round Valley, May 11th, 1863. n24-1f

MILLER & KINGSLEY.

Susanville,
Honey Lake Valley.

(Fire Proof Store.)

The Quincy Union.

LOCAL ITEMS.

COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Union County Convention will meet at the Court House to-day.

Assessor.—Mr. A. D. Hallett, County Assessor, is about commencing his work of assessing the county, about the 1st of next month.

Coke Again.—Our good looking friend "Byers," of the Coburn House, called on us the other day, with a fine bunch of Havanas. Come again.

GENERAL SETTLEMENT.—The County Officers settled up all of their accounts with the county, on Saturday, the 5th inst., for the past year.

LIVERY.—Cap. Moore has rented the stable, formerly kept by E. Bates, and intends keeping fast and reliable horses for the accommodation of our citizens.

Parties who intend going to the Boise River mines, will find an interesting extract from a letter from that section, on the first page of this paper.

DIVINE SERVICE.—Will be held at the Court House on Sunday next, (to-morrow) in the afternoon at 2 o'clock, and at half-past 6 o'clock, p. m., by the Rev. Mr. Hadley, of Indian Valley.

MACHINERY.—Messrs. Prescott & Schiedel of the Marysville foundry, are prepared to furnish all kinds of machinery for quartz mills, &c. See advertisement in another column.

PERMISSION.—Persons claiming or residing on Government land, are required to take the oath of allegiance, else they forfeit their right to hold the land. See to it, and file your oath in season.

12 MILE BAR.—Several claims near 12 Mile Bar, owned by citizens of that place, have been rented to companies of Chinamen, and the owners of the claims, and the Chinamen are making good wages.

DELEGATES.—The following gentlemen were elected as delegates from Quincy, to the Union County Convention:

Messrs. J. R. Buckbee, A. J. Gifford, S. J. Clark, L. C. Charles and A. P. Moore.

TO REPAIR.—The Round Valley Quartz Company has sent a couple of gentlemen to Marysville, for the purpose of purchasing machinery, &c., to repair the engines of the Company, and intend commencing operations in a short time.

GOOD YIELD.—Healer & Co., at Argentea, have some of the best paying quartz in the county. They have one three stamp mill and an arrastra, from which for one week's run, they cleaned up on Saturday last, over eight hundred dollars.

THEATRE.—The Indian Valley Dramatic Club will perform at Indian Valley this (Saturday) evening. The following plays are upon the bill. Ben Bolt, in two acts; Deaf as a Post; Phrynosaurus and the Hoosier, and the Farce of Andy Bluke.

ROAD.—A bill is before the Legislature, authorizing Sierra county to appropriate \$20,000 toward the building of the Beckwout Pass Turnpike, provided the citizens of Sierra county are willing to issue bonds for that amount for the undertaking.

COUNTY COURT.—The Court met at the Court Room on Monday last, Hon. A. P. Moore, Judge. The case of Smith, Administrator, vs. Cannon, continued to the next term. The case of Taylor vs. Springer, dismissed at Plaintiff's cost. The case of the People vs. Clark, continued for the term. Court adjourned till Court day.

FALSE.—We have noticed a paragraph going the rounds of the papers to the effect that several of the farmers of Honey Lake Valley had left their ranches, and did not intend to cultivate them during the present season, owing to the drought. But we are informed by citizens of that section of our county, that such is not the case.

NORTH FORK.—Tom Orton & Co., have completed their bed rock tunnel, which "taps the basin" in the hill above the mouth of Musquito creek, and the indications are good that they have struck a "rich thing." Several other companies are at work near there, running tunnels into the same hill. We wish them luck, and lots of it.

CLOTHING.—The stock of Messrs. Kaulback and Ascheim & Co., has been considerably reduced during the past few days, and we notice that several of our citizens have come out in "bran new" suits. Reason: Their old ones got slightly ruptured in the "grand ceremony of inauguration," on Monday last. "It ish mooch better as good." Yaw?

RIVER MINING.—From all portions of our county, we hear that there will be more claims opened and worked in the rivers and bars, than have been for several years past, owing to the low state of water, &c. And doubtless more money will be taken from the mines the coming season, than there has been during the past ten years. The scarcity of water will be somewhat of a set back to the owners of hill diggings. But there is plenty of time yet for rain and snow, sufficient for them to "wash up" their dirt.

INAGURATION.—On Monday last, the new officers took their stations. Five baskets of champagne were brought out and made way with in the usual manner. Wine flowed free, and every one in the large crowd, with hardly an exception, felt as "happy as a King," "or any other man." All seemed bent upon having a good time. Few of them "fell in the action," but there were a number of "cases" of real pain, circulating around the next day; also remnants of costs, pants, vests, etc., the owners of which, would not come forward and claim property and take it away, but went to the stores and bought new ones instead.

DEATH OF REV. THOS. STARR KING.—The telegraph to-day brings us intelligence from San Francisco that will carry sorrow to the hearts of thousands throughout the State. It informs that the Rev. Thos. Starr King is dead. He died this morning from the effect of a severe attack of diphtheria, from which he has suffered severely during the past few days. California could have better spared another man. As a lecturer and orator he possessed no equal, and to his qualities in these respects, and the energetic use of his talents, is the State greatly indebted for the sound and unflinching Union sentiment that now pervades it. As a husband, father, pastor and citizen, his record below is a good one, and though many may follow his example, we know of none who can fill his place.

Legal Advertisements.

SUMMONS.
In the District Court of the 17th Judicial District, State of California, County of Plumas.
N. C. Cunningham, surviving partner of the firm of Wm. Burkholder, Plaintiff,
VS.
H. Tewilliger, N. Atkins, David Bushman, H. J. Camery and Sam. Rush, Defendants.

Action brought in the District Court of the 17th Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Plumas, and the complaint filed in said county of Plumas, in the office of the Clerk of the District Court.

The People of the State of California, send Greeting to H. Tewilliger, N. Atkins, David Bushman, H. J. Camery, Sam. Rush:

You are hereby summoned to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff in the District Court of the 17th Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Plumas, and to answer the complaint filed therein, (a copy of which accompanies this summons) within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons; if served within this judicial district, within twenty days; or if served out of said district, then within forty days;—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to recover judgment for the sum of \$1,344.19, due on a promissory note executed by defendants, dated December 13th, 1883, at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent per month until paid, said \$1,344.19 being the principal and interest on said note, of December 12th, 1882.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said complaint will be taken against you, judgment by default as prayed for in his said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the 17th Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Plumas, this 7th day of December in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight hundred and sixty three.

W. N. DEHAVEN, Clerk.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In Justice Court of Honey Lake Township.
The People of the State of California, send Greeting to Thos. G. Wilson.

You are hereby summoned to appear before me at my office in Quincy, on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1884, at 12 o'clock, P. M., to answer unto the complaint of Wm. Westworth, who has commenced an action against you, in the following plea, to-wit:

That you are indebted to the said Westworth for horse keeping, when judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, together with costs and damages, if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 15th day of February, A. D. 1884.

JONH S. WARD, Justice of the Peace of said Township.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In the Justice Court, Rich Bar Township.
The People of the State of California, to John J. Kellogg, Greeting:

YOU are hereby summoned to appear before me at my office at Junction Bar, in said Township, and County, on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1884, at 12 o'clock, P. M., to answer unto the complaint of Albert Keep, who has this day commenced an action against you on the following plea, to-wit:

An action to recover the sum of \$233.40-100, alleged to be due on a promissory note and interest, said note in the following words:

Surety's Hill, February 12th, 1880.
For value received I promise to pay Albert Keep or order, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, three months after date, with interest at the rate of two per cent per month.

When judgment will be taken against you for said amount, together with costs and damages if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of the County of Plumas, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand, this 6th day of February, 1884.

S. GOODRICH, Justice of the Peace of said Township.

The Defendant not being found in this county, it is ordered that an above summons be published in the QUINCY UNION, for three months from the date hereof.

15-3m. S. GOODRICH, J. P.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In Justice Court Plumas Township.
To the People of the State of California to R. J. Barnett, Greeting:

You are hereby summoned to appear before me at my office in Quincy, in said Township and County, on the 7th day of March, A. D. 1884, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to answer unto the complaint of Sylvester Myers who sues to recover the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, less twenty-five dollars credited March 10th, 1884. On a certain promissory note, executed by you to Fuller & Co., and endorsed to said Myers, bearing date Feb. 15th, 1880, with interest thereon at the rate of two per cent per month. When judgment will be taken against you for the said amount, with costs and damages if you fail to appear and answer.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Plumas County, Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 11th day of Feb. A. D. 1884.

A. J. GIFFORD, Justice of the Peace for said Township.

On motion and affidavit by Plaintiff, it is ordered that service of the foregoing summons be made by publication thereof.

15-1d. A. J. GIFFORD, J. P.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In the matter of the Estate of GEORGE W. HUBBARD deceased.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of George W. Hubbard deceased, by the Honorable Probate Court in and for Plumas County, and letters of Administration having been regularly issued to him, hereby gives Notice to creditors, and all persons having claims against said Estate, to exhibit the same with necessary vouchers within ten months from date of this notice. (To-wit, within ten months from February 20th, 1884) to the undersigned at his residence on the East Branch of North Fork of Feather River, or at the office of his Attorney John R. Buckbee at Quincy in said county, or any day thereafter.

CHAS. CRAPPA, Administrator of the Estate of G. W. Hubbard, deceased.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In the matter of the Estate of A. GRIMM, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the Administrator of the above named Estate, to the creditors of said late deceased, to exhibit their claims against said Estate, within ten months from the publication of this notice, to the undersigned at his residence on the East Branch of North Fork of Feather River, or at the office of his Attorney John R. Buckbee at Quincy in said county, or they will be forever barred.

CHAS. CRAPPA, Administrator.

Dated this 4th day of March, 1884.

15-1d

Legal Advertisements.

Sheriff's Sale.
STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Plumas.
Black & Howell, Plffs. vs. Abell Jackson Deft.

VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the 2d Judicial District Court, county of Plumas and State of California, in the above entitled action, on a judgment rendered in said District Court, on the 5th day of November, 1883, in favor of the above Plaintiff, against the said Defendant, for the sum of \$855.1-100, duly tested by the Clerk of said court, and to me the said Sheriff duly directed and delivered, wherein I am commanded to make the amount of said judgment and costs, I have levied upon the following described property, to-wit: All the right, title and interest of the said Defendant, Abell Jackson, in and to that certain parcel, tract of land, situate, lying and being in the upper end of Long Valley, county of Plumas and State of California, on the wagon Road leading from Quincy to Mohave's Ranch, known as Jackson's Ranch, together with all and singular, improvements and hereditaments connected with and belonging to said Ranch, and containing 200 acres of land, he the same more or less. Also, all the right, title and interest of said Defendant, Abell Jackson, in and to that certain other parcel, tract of land, situate, lying and being in the county of Plumas and State of California, adjoining the aforesaid described Jackson's Ranch, containing 200 acres of land, he the same more or less, and all and singular the improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging. Therefore notice is hereby given, that on

Monday, March 28th, A. D. 1884,

at the Court House door in the town of Quincy, county and State aforesaid, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M., on that day, I will sell the aforesaid described property at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs, pursuant to statute in such cases made and provided.

Given under my hand, at Sheriff's Office, Quincy, this 5th day of March, A. D. 1884.

E. H. PIERCE, Sheriff, Plumas Co., Cal.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Plumas.
Jas. E. Edwards, Plff. vs. J. W. Waggoner, Deft.

VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the Justice Court of A. J. Gifford, dated Feb. 26th, 1884, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 22nd day of Feb., 1884, in favor of the said Plaintiff, against the said Defendant, for the sum of \$113.15-100, and to me, the said Sheriff duly directed and delivered, wherein I am commanded to make the amount of said judgment and costs, I have levied upon the following described property, to-wit:

That certain set of mining claims, known as Waggoner's claims, situate on Oliver creek, commencing where the old wagon road leading from Quincy to Spring Garden crosses said creek, and extending up said creek. Also that certain garden or spot of ground, situate on said Oliver creek, on the North side of said creek, above the junction of said Oliver creek and Spring Garden creek. Also that certain other certain Garden or spot of ground, situate at the junction of said Oliver and Spring Garden creeks, between said creeks. Also that certain house or miner's cabin, and garden or spot of ground, together with all and singular, the rights, privileges and appurtenances connected with all of the aforesaid property. All of which said property is now occupied by said Defendant, and situate, lying and being in the county of Plumas and State of California.

Therefore, notice is hereby given, that on

Monday, March 28th, A. D. 1884,

at the Court House door in the town of Quincy, county and State aforesaid, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on that day, I will sell the aforesaid described real estate and improvements, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash, or so much thereof as will satisfy said judgment and costs.

Given at Sheriff's Office, Quincy, this 5th day of March, A. D. 1884.

E. H. PIERCE, Sheriff, Plumas county, Cal.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Plumas.
Decker & Jewett, Plffs. vs. Round Valley Quartz Mining Company, Deft.

VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the 2d Judicial District Court, county of Plumas and State of California, on a judgment rendered in said Court, on the 23rd day of February, 1884, in favor of the above named Plffs., and against the said Deft for the sum of \$1,500, together with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and costs, I have levied upon the following described real estate and improvements, to-wit: All the right, title and interest of the said Defendants, The Round Valley Quartz Mining Company, in and to that certain parcel, tract of land, situate, lying and being in Round Valley, county of Plumas and State of California, known as said Round Valley Quartz Mining Company's lower mill, and formerly known as the Buckeye Quartz mill, and situate in Round Valley, county of Plumas and State of California, together with all and singular the improvements and facilities for working said quartz ledge, with all rights, privileges and appurtenances connected with the same, including timber-houses, dump-houses and outbuildings, etc., the same belonging. Therefore, notice is hereby given, that on

Monday, April 4th, A. D. 1884,

at the Court House door in the town of Quincy, county and State aforesaid, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock, P. M., on that day, I will sell the aforesaid described real estate and improvements at Public Auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, or so much thereof as will satisfy said judgment and costs.

In witness whereof, I, the Sheriff of said County, this 12th day of March, A. D. 1884.

E. H. PIERCE, Sheriff, Plumas Co., Cal.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF PLUMAS.
In the matter of the Estate of EDWARD DIETZ deceased.

THIS undersigned having been duly appointed Executor of the Estate of Edward Dietz deceased, by the Honorable Probate Court in and for Plumas County, Notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased, to exhibit their claims against said Estate, within ten months from the date of this notice, (to-wit, within ten months from the date of the publication of this notice) to the undersigned at his residence at Quincy, in said county, or at the law office of his attorney John R. Buckbee at Quincy in said County of Plumas.

Executor of the Estate of Edward Dietz deceased.

Quincy December 15th, 1883.

9-1d.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.
EMPLOYMENT AT A LIBERAL SALARY.
THE FRANKLIN SEWING MACHINE CO., want a limited number of active Agents to travel and solicit orders for Machines at a salary of \$40 to \$150 per Month and Expenses.

Permanent employment given to the right kind of Agents. Local Agents allowed a very liberal commission.

For circulars, terms, conditions, Book of Instructions, and spec. Machine, address, with stamp for return please.

Box 302, P. O. HARRIS BROTHERS, 15-1d Boston, Mass.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER STANDARD MACHINES FOR Manufacturing purposes, are of greater speed and superior to all other Machines, for like uses. The superior, correct, simple and durable mechanical principles of this machine, place them beyond competition. All the great manufacturers of the United States and Europe are supplied with them.

The Singer Letter A "Transverse Shuttle" Family Machine, with recent improvements for Hemming, Felling, Binding &c., is the most perfect and reliable family Machine yet offered. They are certain of correct action, at all rates of speed, upon all kinds of material, and with all kinds of thread.

The mechanism is entirely self-regulating, and under the control of the operator, who thereby can avoid the perplexities and annoyances so common with Sewing Machines having their mechanism hidden from view, under pretence of simplicity of construction.

Plain printed instructions accompany each machine, from which any one can readily understand their use.

A very great reduction has been lately made in the prices of the Singer Sewing Machine, thus enabling purchasers to get a first class machine at the same rate as inferior second-class machines.

Local Agents wanted.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., (Successor to I. M. Singer & Co.)

130 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

WM. BRODERICK, Agent. 13-3m

GREENBACKS ARE GOOD.

—BUT—

New Advertisements.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER STANDARD MACHINES FOR Manufacturing purposes, are of greater speed and superior to all other Machines, for like uses. The superior, correct, simple and durable mechanical principles of this machine, place them beyond competition. All the great manufacturers of the United States and Europe are supplied with them.

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130 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

WM. BRODERICK, Agent. 13-3m

GREENBACKS ARE GOOD.

—BUT—

ROBACK'S ARE BETTER.

Stomach Bitters!

Ten thousand bottles sold in one month. The most popular Stomach Bitters in use.

Roback's Bitters.
Good for all derangement of the Stomach, Biliousness, Liver Complaint and General Debility.

Roback's Bitters.
They possess wonderful tonic properties, giving tone to the appetite and digestive organs.

Roback's Bitters.
Debilitated Ladies and senile persons will find in them an excellent tonic.

Roback's Bitters.
A wine glass full before each meal will remove indigestion and liver diseases.

Roback's Bitters.
They can be taken without regard to diet. As an appetizer they have no equal.

Roback's Bitters.
They prepared by an old and skillful physician from well known vegetable remedies.

Roback's Bitters.
Wherever known they have become a standard family strengthening remedy.

Roback's Bitters.
Try one bottle, and you will always use them, and recommend them to others.

—000—

ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS.

IF YOU HAVE ANY symptoms of DYSPEPSIA, take them as freely, for as a Corrective they cannot be excelled. These BITTERS derive their stimulus from the powerful PUNGENT nature of ROOTS and HERBS, and are slightly aromatic, a quality highly beneficial in removing all symptoms of flatulency. If you would AVOID A DOCTOR'S BILL keep Dr. Roback's Bitters constantly in your house. They are a delightful Stomachic and Cordial, and unequalled for giving tone to the stomach and the prevention of BILIOUS COMPLAINTS. DR. ROBACK'S BITTERS are sold Wholesale & Retail by Druggists and Liquor Dealers everywhere. B. EDINGTON & CO., 418 and 419 Front Street, San Francisco, General Agents. 45-1m

THE Medical and Surgical Institute of Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY, is already secured in a position which places it, as well as the proprietor, far above the assaults of envy and professional malice. In the school of France, the highest prizes are awarded to practitioners in this department of Medical Science, and they occupy with others, an equally lofty position in the profession. Record is made of CZAPKAY, a shining light among the philosophical stars of his age in Europe, and Dr. CZAPKAY has fully equalled him in this country; as a proof of which, the Philadelphia College of Medicine complimented him with a Diploma, and the Honorary adonem degree. Selecting this as his field of operations, although qualified as a graduate of the University of Pesth, and late Chief Surgeon of the Hungarian Revolutionary army, for more extended labors, Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY has bent his earnest attention to the cure of chronic and private diseases, in which he has become so great an expert that he is now regarded as the expert in this branch of his profession throughout the United States, and his portrait and biography are published as a matter of interest to their patrons in the most exclusive journals. The Doctor's offices are at his Medical and Surgical Institute on Sacramento street, corner of Leidesdorff, nearly opposite the buildings of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

We seek particular attention of our readers to the sworn certificates of remarkable cures, in another column of this paper.

June 24th, 1883. 41-123-3m.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

FOR SALE at this Office.

Summons, Subpoenas, Attachments, Affidavits for Attachment, &c., &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

Pages—50 00 a hundred, all through. 42-1d

Advertisements.

STOVES & TINWARE!

J. A. KEENEN,
Taylorville, Indian Valley.

Cooking, Box and Parlor Stoves, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Coal Oil Lamps, Window Glass, &c., &c.

Tin, Copper and Sheet Ironware constantly on hand, and made to order.

Air, Hydraulic, Gas and Lead Pipe furnished at the shortest notice.

JOBBER of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

All orders promptly attended to. Goods furnished at Marysville Prices For Cash.

Taylorville, Aug. 24th, 1883. 38-6m

COBURN HOUSE,

QUINCY,
Plumas County, California.

THIS NEW AND ELEGANT HOTEL is now completed, and being built expressly for the accommodation of the traveling public, those who may favor it with their patronage will find a comfortable home so long as they may stop. The

Beds and Furniture are new, having been purchased expressly for this House. The

Bar will always be supplied with the purest of Wines and Liquors, —AND THE—

Table will be spread with every luxury in the market.

Connected with the Hotel is a fine

New Barn, With plenty of Hay and Grain, and an attentive Ostrer to take charge of animals.

The Proprietor is determined to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

Jan. 2nd, 1883—n15-1d.

JOHN COBURN, Proprietor.

The Quincy Union.

MAKE HOME BRIGHT AND PLEASANT.

More than building showy mansions,
More than dress and fine array,
More than domes or lofty steeples,
More than station, power and sway—
Make your home both neat and tasteful,
Bright and pleasant, always fair,
Where each heart shall rest contented,
Grateful for each happy hour.

More than lofty swelling tides,
More than fashion's luring glare,
More than Mammon's gilded honors,
More than thoughts can well compare—
See that home is made attractive
By surroundings pure and bright;
Trees, arranged with taste and order,
Flowers, with all their sweet delight.

Seek to make your home most lovely—
Let it be a smiling spot,
Where, in sweet contentment resting,
Care and sorrow are forgot.
Where the flowers and trees are waving,
Birds will sing their sweetest song;
Where the purest thoughts will linger,
Confidence and love belong.

There, each heart will rest contented,
Seldom wishing for to roam,
Or, if roaming, still will cherish
Memories of that pleasant home.
Such a home makes man the better;
Pure and lasting its control;
Home, with pure and bright surroundings,
Leaves its impress on the soul.

Precocious.—There is a person in this city who enjoys to-day his eighth birthday, yet is married and has several children. He is a fine mathematician, can solve any problem in Davie's Algebra, is an excellent linguist, reads Latin Greek and Hebrew, and is not unfamiliar with the modern languages. He writes a pleasant address, and even sermons that he turns off have been pronounced excellent. Curious as this case may seem it is literally true. We do not claim it as an evidence of the wonderful character of our climate, for the person referred to had his seventh birthday before coming to California.—Bulletin.

He was born on the 29th of February 33 years ago, and that's what's the matter of the precocious one.

Dead.—The notorious character Major F. Alton Wheelock, whose real name but few in this country know, died in the county hospital at Virginia, N. T., on the 26th ult. The Major was the Beau Hickman, or Burt Mackay, of this country; a living embodiment of genius impudence, sophistry and dishonesty. He successfully swindled everything and every person he ever came in contact with, but death came along and laid his clammy hand on the dodging Major.—G. V. National.

An eccentric preacher, seeing a fly light upon his Bible, improved the occasion as follows:

"Ye goodless sinners, ye shall all be damned, every one of you, as sure as I shall catch that fly." Here he made a full swoop with his hand, and thought he had caught it; opening each finger slowly till the last, he found it was not there and said: "By hookey, I've missed it! There's a chance for ye sinful ragmuffins yet."

GREAT NEWS FOR THE TOPERS.—Whisky and brandy can now be made out of coal gas, which consists of carbon and hydrogen, as does alcohol, with the addition of oxygen. For several years past the process of converting olefiant gas into alcohol has been talked of, but now a French patent has been obtained for the purpose and sold to a company in London. You take away one-half the hydrogen, add a little oxygen, and presto! you have a bottle of brandy.

A FAT TAKE.—It is reported that a journeyman printer, employed on a daily newspaper in this city, has just received information that a legacy of \$7,500 is awaiting his acceptance on the other side of the water, and that there is more of the same sort in store for the same individual. Printers generally would term that sum "a fat take."—Boston Journal.

Miss will you take my arm? Or young lady, will you condescend so far to sacrifice your own convenience to my pleasure as to insert the five digitals and a part of the extremity of your contiguous arm through the angular aperture formed by the crook of my elbow, and the placing of my hand near the side pocket of this overcoat?

A SHORT NOVEL.—Sweet Margaret Fano came up the lane from picking the red berries, and met young Paul, comely and tall, going to market with cherries. Stopping she blushed, and he looked flushed—perhaps 'twas the burden they carried; when they passed on, their burdens were one, and at New Year's they were married.

LIME POINT.—It has been determined, says the Washington correspondent of the S. F. Journal, by the Secretary of War, to purchase Lime Point, if it can be bought at reasonable figures. If the Government succeeds in securing the desired title, the work of constructing impregnable fortifications on that commanding point will at once be commenced.

A MAN just in from Desert District, says the Virginia Enterprise, speaks of a place some nine miles north-east of the Desert mine that is literally covered with human bones. He thinks several hundred men must have perished in the vicinity.

George Ford of Lawrence, Kansas, whose house has many flowers about it, writes that when Quantrell was ravaging Lawrence, he assented to an appeal to spare that house because "it was too pretty to burn." Mr. Ford now says he shall cultivate flowers as long as he remembers the rebellion.

"Rents are enormous," as the poor fellow said when he looked at his coat

Advertisements.

EXCHANGE SALOON.

MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

THE BAR

as well supplied with the best of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

BILLIARDS.

Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.

JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor.

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP.

MAIN ST., QUINCY.

THE SUBS RIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY

inform the public that he is now prepared to do every kind of work in his line such as

Horse, Mule & Ox Shoeing.

Wagon Ironing, etc.

PICKS made to order, or sharpened on short notice.

JOHN WALKER.

LIVERY STABLE,

Quincy.

EDWIN BATES, Proprietor.

THIS OLD AND WELL KNOWN STABLE HAS BEEN

renewed and refurnished, and the Proprietor is now ready to furnish his old friends and the public with

Buggies and Light Wagons with Fast Horses.

He has a number of superior

SADDLE HORSES

To hire by the Day or Week. Strangers visiting Quincy and wishing to examine the various Mineral Districts of Plumas county, can be accommodated with well trained Horses.

Particular attention paid to Horses on LIVERY. 4-tf.

DR. WM. HALL'S BALM FOR THE LUNGS

HAS BROUGHT MORE CURES THAN ANY

OTHER COUGH MEDICINE; IS SAFE TO USE

AMONG CHILDREN, YET POWERFUL IN CASES

OF CHRONIC PULMONARY DISEASE, AND IS

ENDORSED BY YOUR LEADING PHYSICIANS

AS THE SAFEST AND BEST REMEDY NOW

BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

REDINGTON & CO., AGENTS,

415 AND 418 FRONT STREET,

San Francisco.

BENTON HOUSE,

Commercial st., above U. S. Branch Mint,

San Francisco.

F. J. Hanlon, Proprietor.

Bill of Prices:

[From and after October 1st, 1862.]

Boarding, per week, with Lodging.....\$6 00

Single Meals.....25

Twenty-one Meal Tickets for.....4 00

SUSANVILLE BREWERY!

SUSANVILLE

HONEY LAKE

VALLEY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY

inform the public that they keep on hand

and for sale the best quality of

Lager Beer,

by the Keg, Bottle or Glass, and at the lowest prices,

for cash.

G. STROUSE.

JOHN SCHWARTZ

BOOT & SHOEMAKER,

OPPOSITE THE PLUM HOUSE,

QUINCY CAL.

Boots and Shoes made or repaired at short notice

and on reasonable terms. n33-tf.

BRANNAN HOUSE,

Susanville, Honey Lake Valley,

The Proprietor would announce that his Hotel is

complete in all its arrangements and conveniences

for the accommodation of the public.

For a choice supply of Wines, Liquors and

Gauges may be found at the Bar.

STEWART,

Proprietor.

PALMER, HANSCOM & CO.,

GOLDEN STATE IRON WORKS,

MANUFACTURE

Iron Castings

—AND—

MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS.

KNOX'S AMALGAMATORS.

A Special Department for

MANTEL GRATES, STOVE WORK, CAL-

DRONS, ETC.

Nos. 19 and 21 First Street,

San Francisco.

N. R. HEATH & BROS., Proprietors, ALWAYS ON HAND

22-3m.

QUINCY UNION

NEWSPAPER & JOB

PRINTING OFFICE,

The Proprietors take this occasion to

inform the citizens of Plumas and adjoining

counties, that they possess facilities

unsurpassed by any office in the mount-

ains for the performance of every style of

PRINTING,

—SUCH AS—

POSTERS,

HANDBILLS,

PROGRAMMES,

SHOW CARDS,

BILLS FARE,

BILLS LADING,

BALL CIRCULARS,

BILLETS,

LABELS,

MINING CO.'S BLANKS,

BLANK RECEIPTS,

TICKETS,

ADDRESS CARDS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

LEGAL BLANKS,

And in fact, almost everything that can

be printed; and the principal recom-

mendations for their work are the

Low Prices At Which It Is Done,

AND ITS SUPERIOR

STYLE AND ELEGANCE.

PRINTING OF

EVERY KIND,

BOTH

PLAIN & FANCY,

DONE AT

LOW PRICES

And in a manner that cannot fail to give

Satisfaction. All orders will be promptly

attended to.

th-f-o.

Official Directory.

Union State Central Committee.

FOR JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

1st.	Chas. R. Conway
2d.	Chas. P. Pico
3d.	H. Robinson
4th.	W. T. Hoyt
5th.	C. O. Burton
6th.	Frank Tukey
7th.	W. H. Whipple
8th.	Frank Harmon
9th.	W. C. Rice
10th.	John Martin
11th.	E. G. Melane
12th.	D. B. Bower
13th.	John Bidwell
14th.	Francis Tibbels
15th.	J. R. Buckbee
16th.	Nathaniel Holland, Chairman
17th.	James T. Hoyt, Sec'y
18th.	Gardner H. Cushing, Treasurer.

Members at Large.

Nathaniel Holland, Lewis Shearer, Gardner H. Cushing,

James McClatchey, Harvey S. Brown.

Union County Central Committee

J. R. Buckbee.....Quincy

A. P. Moore.....Quincy

H. F. Thompson.....Susanville

 A. F. Blood.....Meadow Valley || N. K. Wright.....Meadow Valley | |
| L. C. Carr.....Nelson Point | |
| T. F. Emmens.....Round Valley | |

STATE OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

F. F. Low.....Governor

T. N. Machin.....Lieut. Governor

John Conness.....Senator

J. A. McDougal.....Senator

T. B. Shannon.....Congressman

W. H. Hays.....Sec'y of State

B. B. Redding.....Treasurer

R. Pacheco.....Controller

G. Oulton.....Comptroller

W. H. C. O'Connell.....Clerk of Supreme Court

W. P. Harriman.....State Printer

O. S. Clages.....Harbor Commissioner

J. P. Troughen.....Coroner General

J. Sheett.....Superintendent of Public Instruction

O. L. Shaffer.....Supreme Judge

J. Durry.....| | |
| --- | --- |
| S. Sawyer..... | |
| S. W. Sanderson..... | |

COUNTY OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

District Court.

Warren I. Sexton.....District Judge

J. R. Buckbee.....District Attorney

TERMS.—Plumas County—Second Mondays in

January, April, July and October. The January

term may be held at any time between the second

Monday in January and the first Monday of March of

each year.

F. M. Smith.....Senator

R. A. Clark.....Assembly

A. Miller.....Ch'n Board of Supervisors

J. C. McCulloch.....Assessor

E. H. Pierce.....Sheriff

L. O. Charles.....Under Sheriff

W. W. Kellogg.....Clerk

S. J. Clark.....Treasurer

A. D. Halstead.....Assessor

E. R. Nichols.....Surveyor

J. C. Cate.....Assessor

W. S. Price.....Public Administrator

A. S. Root.....Supt. Schools

J. S. Tuttle.....Dep'ty Federal Tax Collector

S. T. Seabury.....Assessor

B. F. Baker.....Dep'ty Precinct Marshal

County Court.

A. P. Moore.....County Judge

TERMS.—First Mondays of January, March, May,

July, September and November.

Probate Court.

A. P. Moore.....Judge

TERMS.—Fourth Monday of each month.

Board of Supervisors.

TERMS.—First Mondays in February, May, August

and November.

Justices of the Peace.

TOWNSHIPS.

Quincy.....A. J. Gifford| | |
| --- | --- |
| Indian Valley.....A. Blood | |
| Susana.....A. Brown and E. Wallick | |
| Mineral.....N. K. Wright and E. McCall | |
| Washington.....B. B. Stevens and M. B. Sturges | |
| Quartz.....M. Brown and A. Stewart | |
| Round Valley.....J. S. Ward and A. H. Barnes | |
| Rich Bar.....S. Goodrich | |

Plumas County Agricultural Society.

President.....J. W. Thompson| | |
| --- | --- |
| Secretary.....D. R. Cate | |
| Treasurer.....J. E. Edwards | |

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Richmond Hill.....Richmond Hill| | |
| --- | --- |
| American Valley.....American Valley | |
| Rich Bar.....Rich Bar | |
| Honey Lake.....Honey Lake | |
| Quincy.....Quincy | |

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the next annual Fair be held in

the town of Quincy.

QUINCY

MEAT MARKET,

Main street, opposite the Court House.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS,

of the best quality, constantly on hand.

JAS. E. EDWARDS,

Proprietor.

Quincy, Jan. 28, '63.—n15-tf

WHITING & CO.'S

EXPRESS.

Daily to Marysville.

THEIR CONNECTING WITH

Wells, Fargo & Co.

Langton & Co.,

Holland, Morley & Co.,

To all parts of California, the Atlantic States and

Europe.

Bills of Exchange

Procured of Wells, Fargo & Co., payable in all

the principal Cities in the Atlantic

States and Europe.

Promptly attended to.

TREASURY

Shipped to the lower Cities at reasonable rates.

We will not be responsible for valuable letters

unless our receipt is given for the same. We send

WEEKLY EXPRESSES

—TO—

Indian Valley,

Round Valley,

Honey Lake,

Rich Bar,

Quincy Bar

And all other points in Plumas county.

WHITING & CO.

Quincy, Oct. 29, 1862.

LIST OF AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to act as

Agents for the QUINCY UNION:

Thompson.....	Meadow Valley & Spanish Ranch.
Wagner.....	Buck's Ranch.
W. Kellogg.....	Rich Bar.
Thomas Hughes.....	Soda Bar.
David Richie.....	Nelson Point.
Haalstead.....	Twelve Mile Bar.
John S. Ward.....	Honey Lake Valley.
B. Whiting.....	Whiting & Co's Express.
H. Knowles.....	Richmond Hill.
Brown.....	Rush Creek.